

Kiryandongo District Profile

Location

Western part of Uganda with its headquarters 232.1 km from Kampala by road.

Neighbours; North – Nwoya; East – Apac; North East – Oyam; West – Masindi; South - Masindi

Population

2014 population census (Total 266,197)

Male: 132,822

Female: 133,375

Ubos projections

2020: 313,800

2021: 322,300

Major Economic Activity: Agriculture

Unemployment

5,021 youths aged 18-30 years who were neither working nor in school by 2014

Youth Livelihood Programme (from Auditor General's Report 2019)

- Funding gap of 29.7%
- **Low recovery of loans:** from the financial year 2014/2015 to date, the district had recovered only UGX. 136,481,800 out of the expected total amount due (Interest Exclusive) of UGX. 517,672,726, leaving an outstanding balance of UGX. 376,717,872.
- Sampled groups had not kept basic financial records.

Education (UBOS Census Report of 2014)

- Number of persons aged 6-15 years not attending school is 12,215
- Persons aged 15 years and above whose highest level of education is below S.4 was 76,107 (86.7%)
- 47,136 persons aged 18 years and above who are illiterate

Health (UBOS Census Report of 2014)

- 22.8% households were found to be 5 km or more to the nearest health facility
- Only 5.4% households had access to piped water
- 7,230 households were without any toilet facility
- 51,477 (98.7%) households were not living in decent dwellings.

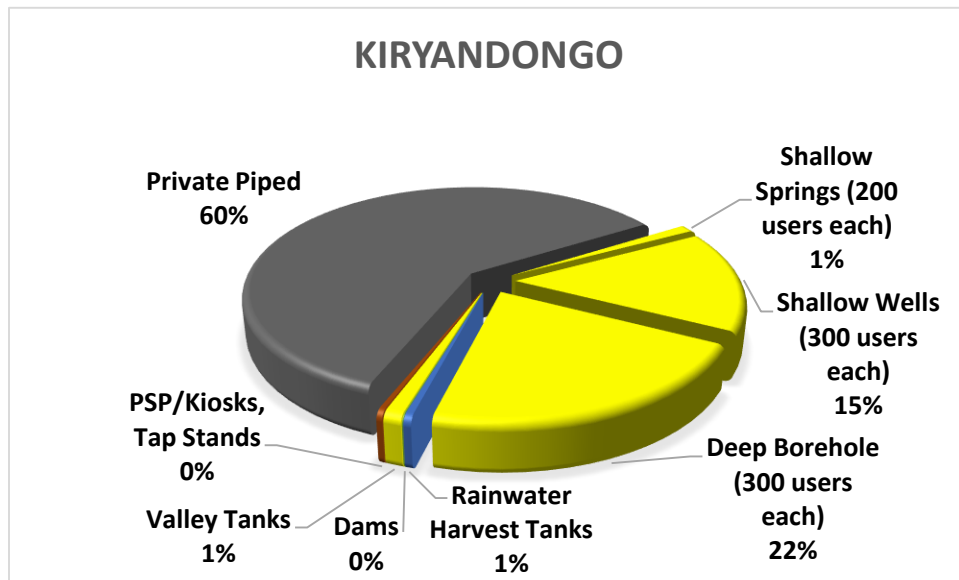
Access to Energy for Lighting (UBOS)

Tadooba: 56.1% Paraffin Lantern: 15.3% Electricity: 12.5%

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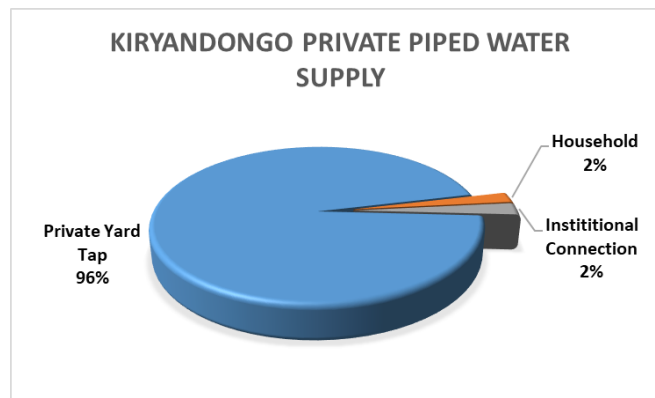
Access to Water

Population: 314,776 Population served: 221,405 Not served: 93,371



Page | 2

Pie chart generated from Access to Safe Water (from MWE Database) accessed 15.10.20



Boreholes (from AG 2019): Contract awarded for 4 boreholes on 28th November 2018 worth UGX. 105,612,360. Start date: 25th November 2018 Expected completion 30th June 2019.

- Only two out of the four contracted bore holes were successfully installed
- The un-implemented outputs included the dry well drilled at Kente West in Kimogoro Village and another one which was not drilled in Kaduku.

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Administration

Budget Performance: Revenue

- Central Government transfers: 98% of budget received
- Tax revenue: 69.2% collected
- Non-tax revenue: 72.1% received
- Transfers from other government entities: 78.9%
- Grants (incl. donor funds): 480% received.

Environmental Protection (source: Kiryandongo District Hazard, Risk and Vulnerability Profile)

LAND GRABS

Kitwara Parish

- Residents lost access to land and water sources to foreign investors.

(Source: www.grain.org)

Forests

- The Central Forest Reserve is now occupied and leases being granted. Over 60% of forest cover lost charcoal producers and commercial farming.

Wetlands

- Endangered by reclamation & conversion for agriculture especially sugar cane growing

Other Hazards include:

- Rampant malaria, Floods, Drought, Hailstorms, Soil Erosion.
- Poverty limits the capacity of the population to adapt to environmental stressors.

Road Maintenance (from AG 2019)

Delayed completion of Karuma –Okwece Road: Only 10Km out of the planned 16Km had been worked on.



Poor road status (unimplemented drainage works)



Stock piles of murrum along the road